





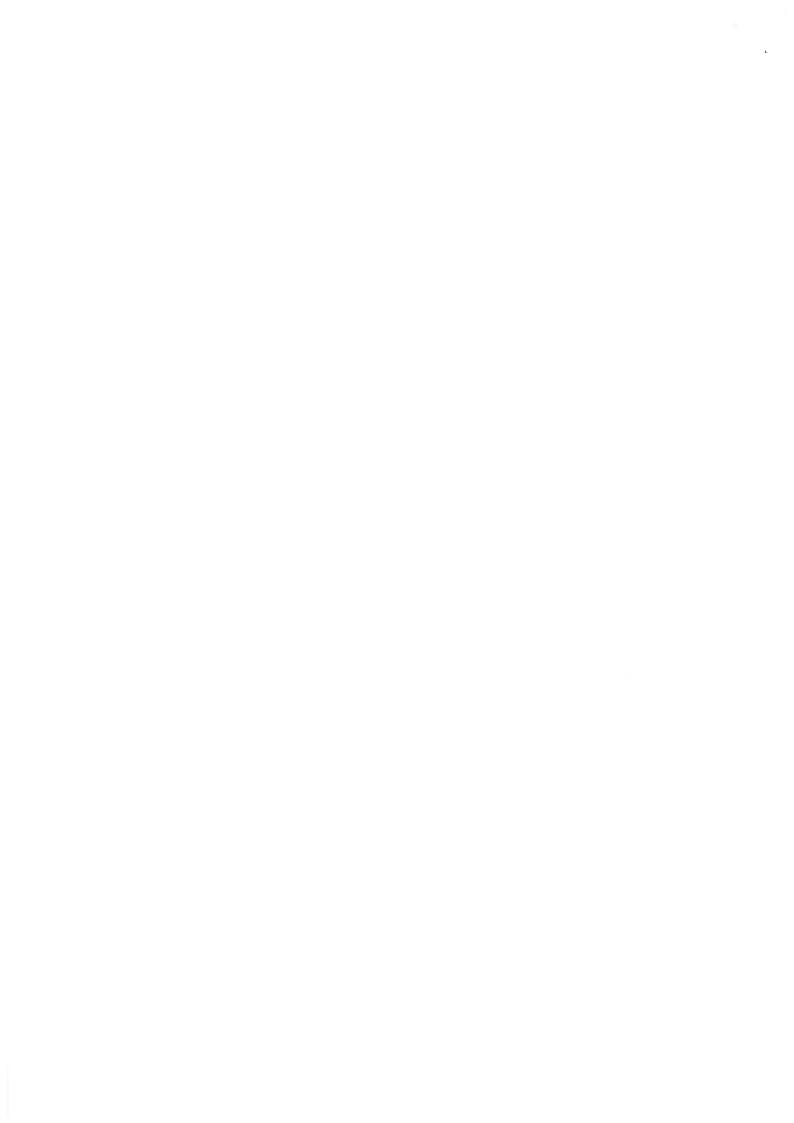
DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY SAFETY AND TRANSPORT MANAGEMENT

PERFORMANCE INFORMATION MANAGEMENT POLICY



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1. LIST OF ACRONYMS

ABBREVIATION	EXPLANATION		
AGSA	Auditor General South Africa		
APP	Annual Performance Plan		
AR	Annual Report		
ATNS	Air Traffic Navigational Service		
BDM	Bojanala District Municipality		
BPS	Budget Programme Structures		
C/Dir	Chief Director		
CFO	Chief Financial Officer		
CGICT	Corporate Governance of Information Communication Technology		
CITPs	Comprehensive Integrated Transport Plans		
COE	Compensation of Employees		
COSATMA	Community Safety and Transport Management		
CPF	Community Policing Forum		
CSF	Community Safety Forum		
CSPA	Civilian Secretariat for Police Act		
Dept.	Department		
DORA	Division of Revenue Act		
Dr. KK	Dr. Kenneth Kaunda District Municipality		
DPME	Department of Planning Monitoring and Evaluation		
DPSA	Department of Public Service and Administration		
Dr. RSM	Dr. Ruth Segomotsi Mompati District Municipality		
EDMC	Extended Departmental Management Committee		
eNaTIS	Electronic National Traffic Information System		
eQPRS	electronic Quarterly Performance Reporting System		
FMPPI	Framework for Managing Programme Performance Information		
HoD	Head of Department		
HRM	Human Resources Management		
ICT	Information Communication Technology		
IDP	Integrated Development Plan		
IFS	Interim Financial Statements		
JCPS	Justice Cluster Provincial Structure		
KPA	Key Performance Area		
MEC	Member of Executive Council		
MISS	Minimum Information Security System		
MPAT	Management Performance Assessment Tool		
MPL	Member of Provincial Legislature		
MTEF	Medium Term Expenditure Framework		
MTSF	Medium Term Strategic Framework		
N/A	Not Applicable		
NDP	National Development Plan		
NDoT	National Department of Transport		
NGO	Non-governmental Organisation		
NMM DM	Ngaka Modiri Molema District Municipality		
NMT	National Monitoring Tool		
NPI	Non-Profit Institutions		
NPO	Non-profit making Organisation		
NTI	North West Transport Investment		
OLAS	Operating Licensing Administration System		
PAAP	Post Audit Action Plan		
OOP	Office of the Premier		

ABBREVIATION	EXPLANATION		
PFMA	Public Finance Management Act		
PM	Performance Measure		
POA	Programme Of Action		
PRE	Public Regulatory Entity		
POE	Portfolio of Evidence		
PPP	Private Public Partnerships		
RAs	Registering Authorities		
RAS	Registrar Administration System		
RTMC	Road Traffic Management Corporation		
SMART	Specific Measurable Achievable Relevant Time-bound		
SAPS	South African Police Service		
SLA	Service Level Agreement		
SMF	Service Monitoring Firms		
SOE	State Owned Entities		
SOP	Standard Operating Procedures		
SOPA	State of the Province Address		
Stats SA	Statistics South Africa		
VTSs	Vehicle Testing Stations		

2. INTRODUCTION

Performance information should revolve around planning, budgeting, implementation, reporting, monitoring and evaluation to ensure effective accountability. On the other hand, National and Provincial Treasuries make use of programme Performance Information for assessing the value-for-money of government activities. The two Treasuries are also accountable for ensuring that institutions have programme performance-information plans for gathering performance data that can inform management decisions. This is emphasised in the Framework for Managing Programme Performance Information (FMPPI) as well as the Presidency's determination to drive delivery from the centre and hold programme managers accountable.

The Performance Management Information Policy will ensure:

- Proper guidance and controls are provided.
- Adequate performance indicators and targets are developed and included in the APP
- · Complete and accurate performance reporting
- Reliability and integrity of performance information

In terms of the Framework for Managing Programme Performance Information, paragraph 5.2, performance information systems should be integrated within the existing management processes and systems. The accounting officer or head official of a department is responsible for ensuring that the department has:

Documentation addressing the following:

- Integration of performance information structures within existing management processes and systems
- Definitions and technical standards of all the information collected by the institution
- Processes for identifying, collecting, collating, verifying and storing information
- Use of information in managing for results
- Publication of performance information
- Roles and responsibilities

According to the Treasury Regulation, paragraph 5.1.3, the Accounting Officer must establish a framework for managing Performance Information in order to facilitate performance monitoring, evaluation and corrective measures of reporting to the Executive Authority.

The AGSA is also of the view that it should address all the requirements for effective management of programme performance information. It is thus against this background information that the

Strategic Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation directorate will review this Policy annually to address gaps and loopholes identified after the audit process in the current Policy in pursuit of an unqualified audit opinion.

Scope and Purpose

- Policy Priorities that are presented in the form of the Strategic and Annual Performance Plans and other important policy documents. Various mechanisms are undertaken by all programmes in monitoring and assessing progress in relation to Departmental strategic goals and objectives. Most importantly, to guide the Accounting Officer and Programme Managers of the Department to use Performance Information appropriately in line with the shift of government from output mode to Outcomes- based oriented monitoring and evaluation approach, where the focus is centred on the Results-Based Management.
- This Policy aims to re-direct management approach to an Outcomes- Based Management approach which integrates strategy, people, resources, processes and measurements to improve decision-making, transparency and accountability. The focus is on achieving outcomes, implementing performance measurement; learning from experiences adapting, and reporting on performance and further clarifies the roles and responsibilities of relevant personnel in order to achieve efficient and effective planning, execution, reporting and evaluation of performance information.

This Policy aims to:

- Clarify definitions and standards for performance information in support of regular audits.
- Improve integrated structures, systems and processes required to manage performance information.
- Define roles and responsibilities for managing performance information and
- Promote accountability and transparency by providing all stakeholders (internal and external) and the public with timely, accessible and accurate performance information.

3. LEGISLATIVE AND REGULATORY FRAMEWORKS

The legislative framework describes the legal and policy requirements that must be complied with to ensure improved public sector financial and performance information that underpin this policy.

3.1 The Constitution of the RSA, 1996

Section 92 of the Constitution stipulates that members of the Executive Council are accountable collectively and individually to Provincial Legislature for the exercise of their powers and the performance of their functions, and Section 133 provides for the MEC to provide Provincial Legislature with full and regular reports concerning matters under their control".

3.2 Public Service Act (1994 as amended by Act No. 30 of 2007)

The Act among others seeks to achieve:

- Improved governance through direct accountability and decision making as close as possible to the point of service delivery.
- Harmonisation of administrative and operational arrangements to suit the service delivery environment.

3.3 The Public Finance Management Act (PFMA) 1999

The Public Finance Management Act (PFMA) (1999) amongst others have enhanced control over public expenditure and empowered public sector managers. The challenge for the public sector is to use resources more efficiently. It emphasises the need for accountability of results by focusing on outputs and responsibility, rather than just on procedural accountability, which ensure that rules are adhered to. It basically situates budgeting and financial management in a performance management context by outlining clear roles and responsibilities for each level of management, and by requiring that measurable objectives be specified for each main division within a Departmental vote. In this way, it links the use of resources (or inputs) to objectives (outputs, outcomes and impact) and performance.

3.4 White Paper on Transforming the Public Service, (1997)

The White Paper further reiterates that broad policy objectives and targets will be implemented within Government Departments at both the national and provincial levels through:

- The setting of appropriate, specific and measurable objectives;
- The design and implementation of detailed strategies and action plans for their achievement;

- The mobilisation of the necessary resources and their effective utilisation;
- The identification of problems and constraints, and strategies for overcoming them;
- The introduction of effective systems for internal monitoring and review.

3.5 Policy Framework for a Government-Wide Monitoring and Evaluation System

The Government-wide Monitoring and Evaluation System requires that all Government institutions adopt an M&E strategy that outlines how the M&E findings inform planning, budget formulation and execution as well as annual reporting.

3.6 Revised Framework for Strategic Plans and Annual Performance Plans

This Framework outlines key concepts that guide institutions in developing Strategic Plans and Annual Performance Plans. The Framework demonstrates that medium term Strategic Plans and Annual Performance Plans can play a constructive role in clarifying the relationship between broader policies and programmes, and Departmental and institutional budgets.

The revised framework for strategic Plans and annual performance Plans was introduced for further improvement of government planning systems and processes, and to institutionalised development of planning in government. The revised framework outlines requirements for strategic and annual performance planning, operational planning, implementation programme planning, and infrastructure planning, monitoring and reporting, evaluations. The revised framework must be implemented in conjunction with the guidelines for the implementation of the revised framework for strategic plans and annual performance Planning, which provides the formats for institutional short and medium term plans as an easy to use reference during the planning processes.

3.7 The National Evaluation Policy Framework (DPME, 2019)

The Policy framework provides the basis for a minimum system of evaluation across government with the purpose of guiding and promoting relevance, efficiency and quality in evaluation processes. It seeks to ensure that credible evidence (including comprehensive sex, age and disability disaggregated data) from evaluations is used in planning, budgeting, monitoring and organisational reviews to improve performance and is supported by a number of guidelines which support the various steps for undertaking evaluation in line with the National Evaluation System.

3.8 Framework for Managing Programme Performance Information, (National Treasury, 2007)

Performance information is essential to focus the attention of public and oversight bodies on whether public institutions are delivering value for money, by comparing their performance against their budgets and service delivery plans, and to alert managers to areas where corrective action is required.

3.9 South African Statistical Quality Assessment Framework (SASQAF) (StatsSA, 2010)

This framework puts emphasis on data quality of M&E studies satisfying eight (9) dimensions of quality, namely: prerequisites of quality, relevance, accuracy, timeliness, accessibility, interpretability, coherence, methodological soundness and integrity.

3.10 Public Audit Amendment Act 5 of 2018 (PAA)

Section 20(2) (c) of the PAA requires the report of the Auditor-General on the audit of a public institution to reflect at least an opinion or conclusion on the reported information relating to the performance of the audited against predetermined objectives. It should be noted that the auditing of performance information that will be applied by the Auditor-General of South Africa can be located on a spectrum between assurance on financial information (i.e. whether financial information fairly presents the financial status of an organisation) and reporting on value for money (i.e. whether resources are used efficiently and effectively by public institutions to achieve desired outcomes

4. DEFINITIONS AND CONCEPTS

Performance information needs to be structured to demonstrate clearly how Government uses available resources to deliver on its mandate. The following are definitions of how mutual concepts will be applied in the Department of Community Safety and Transport Management (COSATMA); various sources have been consulted and this document proposes the standardised understanding of concepts.

Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation concepts and definitions

CONCEPT	DEFINITION	
Strategic Plan	Describes institutional programmes and projects which contributes to	
	the achievements of the overall priorities of government and the	
	realisation of the mandate of the institution. It identifies impacts and	
	outcomes against which the institution can be measured and evaluated	
	by, Provincial Legislatures and the public. Strategic Plans, span over a	
	five-year planning horizon subsequent to an election year.	
Annual	Identifies the output, output indicators and targets that an institution	
Performance Plan	aims to achieve in the upcoming financial year and is aligned with the	
	outcomes given in the Strategic Plan. Consistent with the Medium Term	
	Expenditure Framework (MTEF) period, it includes forward projections	
	(Annual Targets) for a further two years, with annual and quarterly	
	performance targets for the financial year.	
Business Plan Business Plans are a COSATMA planning initiative to ensur		
	Departmental initiatives outside the Annual Performance Plan are	
	planned for, budgeted, monitored and reported on for the purpose of	
	improving administrative monitoring of all activities undertaken within a	
	COSATMA.	
Project	Project is a single intervention directed to attaining institutional	
	priorities, with a fixed time schedule and a dedicated budget, which may	
	consist of a number of costed activities.	
	Describes the activities and budgets for each of the outputs and output	
Annual Operational	indicators in the APP. It also includes operational outputs which are not	
Plan	reflected in the APP. AOPs can be developed for an institution and/or	
	for branches or programmes within an institution.	
Service Delivery	As part of improving service delivery the DPSA has introduced the	
Improvement Plan	Service Delivery Improvement Plan (SDIP), under which each	
	government Department selects a few of its core or key activities for	
	improvement.	
Service Charter	The COSATMA Service Charter should confirm all Services which the	
	Department provides to both external and internal clients	
Performance	The COSATMA Performance Information Reports should provide	
Information	updates on programme performance and achievements against the	
Reports (Monthly,	Annual Performance Plan. Performance Information enables the	
Quarterly / Annual)	Department to account to the Executive Authority, Provincial	
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CONCEPT	DEFINITION	
,	Legislature, the public, stakeholders regarding financial and non-	
	financial management and service delivery performance against its	
	mandate.	
	Oversight bodies including and not limited to Office of the Premier,	
	National Department of Transport, Civilian Secretariat, Provincial	
	Treasury, Provincial Legislature and Department of Planning,	
	Monitoring and Evaluation.	
Outcome	A statement that sets out clearly what the institution intends delivering	
	to achieve its Outcome-oriented Goal(s).	
Performance	Indicates how well an institution performs in terms of its intended	
Information	results. This information is vital for transparency, accountability and	
	oversight.	
Performance	Predetermined signal that measures the achievement of a stated goal	
indicator/ measure	or objective. Identify specific numerical measurements that tracks	
	progress towards achieving a goal	
Output Indicator	Can be qualitative or quantitative and must, where applicable, provide	
	disaggregated data about women, youth and people with disabilities.	
Output	Outputs are the products, goods or services produced for delivery. They	
	may be defined as "What we produce or deliver". They are also t	
	building blocks towards the desired outcomes.	
Performance	Express a specific level of performance that the institution aims to	
Target	achieve within a given period.	
	A particular level of service utilisation or service quality that an	
	organisation aims to reach within a specific timeframe. Targets are	
	therefore steps to aim for (in shorter time periods) along the way to	
	achieving the objectives. It must be Specific Measurable Attainable	
	Relevant and Time-bound (SMART)	
Targets are informed by baselines which reflect the curre		
Output Target	performance. Annual targets over the medium term and quarterly	
	targets for the planning year must be provided for output indicators. For	
	both qualitative and quantitative output indicators, there must be a	
	logical connection between indicators and targets.	

CONCEPT	DEFINITION
Standardised Indicators	A core set of indicators that have been developed and agreed to by all provincial institutions within a sector with other National Institutions. Standardised indicators are relevant to achieving sector-specific priorities and are approved by Provincial Accounting Officers. They are incorporated into provincial institutions' APPs and form the basis of the quarter.
Performance	The minimum acceptable level of performance or the level of
Standard	performance that is generally expected. Standards therefore indicate the expected level of performance associated with a particular performance indicator for a particular period and funding level.
Monitoring	Monitoring generally involves collecting and analysing non-financial performance data and recommending corrective measures towards the attainment of pre-determined objectives.
	Monitoring is a continuous managerial function that aims to provide managers, decision makers and main stakeholders with regular feedback and early indications of progress or lack thereof in the achievement of intended results and the attainment of goals and objectives.
	Monitoring involves reporting on actual performance against what was planned or expected according to Annual Performance Plan.
	The provision of independent, objective oversight during a particular monthly, quarterly and annually on planned activities to ensure that these activities are on schedule in meeting the pre-determined Performance Targets and Outcomes.
	Monitoring provides progress against what was planned and provides managers, decision makers and other stakeholders with regular feedback on progress in implementation and serves as an early indicator of difficulties that need to be corrected.
Reporting	The provision of timely, relevant and credible progress updates after a monthly, quarterly and annually in a structured and consistent manner on the implementation of the Department's plans to managers, decision

CONCEPT	DEFINITION
	makers and other stakeholders with an indication of performance
	results achieved and the performance challenges that are needed to be
	addressed to ensure service delivery remains on track.
Evaluation	The systematic collection and objective analysis of evidence on public
	policies, programmes, projects, functions and organisations to assess
	issues such as relevance, performance (effectiveness and efficiency),
	value for money, impact and sustainability and recommend ways
	forward.
Inputs	Resources that contribute to the production of service delivery outputs.
	They include finances, personnel, equipment and buildings.
Activities	Processes or actions that use a range of inputs to produce desired
	outputs and ultimately outcomes.
Outcomes	Medium term results for specific beneficiaries that are the
	consequences of achieving specific outputs.
	Several outputs can contribute to the achievement of one outcome.
Impact	A change in conditions and the result of achieving specific outcomes,
	such as reducing fatalities and crime levels.
Baseline	The current level of performance that an institution aims to improve
	when setting performance targets. In most instances it is the level of
	performance recorded in the year prior to the planning period. Baseline
	therefore becomes the starting point intended for future comparison to
	assess performance.
Logical Framework	Provides a structured, logical approach to setting priorities and
	determining the intended results and activities of interventions.
Results Chain	An identified expected causal link in the programme logic chain.
Corporate Plan	A vision statement. This is where you define the objectives that will
	guide your internal decision making. A strong vision statement can help
	you maintain your business focus and give a sense of purpose to your
	business. A mission statement.
Service level	The 'amount' or type of service that is to be provided, often expressed
	in Quantitative terms e.g Number of police stations monitored on
	compliance to implementation of Domestic Violence Act 116 of 1998
Service standard	Refers to the quality of the service to be provided, benchmarked against
	international standards whilst taking into account South Africa's current
	level of development. An example of a service standard is the quality of

CONCEPT	DEFINITION		
	the compliance to the Road Traffic Act by most motorists across the		
	Province.		
Performance	Departments to develop performance improvement plans for		
Improvement Plan	underperformed targeted indicators. Department to monitor the		
improvement plan on a monthly basis to keep track of pr			
	underperformed indicators. Office of the premier to analyse the		
	improvement plan reports and provide feedback report.		

5. ROLES, RESPONSIBILITIES AND ARRANGEMENTS

Effective management of performance information requires a clear understanding of different responsibilities involved in managing performance. A number of stakeholders play a key role in ensuring that the functions of planning, monitoring and reporting are competently undertaken within the Department.

ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Stakeholder	Roles	Responsibility
Executive	Provides political	Oversight to SAPS
authority: MEC	leadership to the Department	
Head of Department	Provides administrative leadership to the Department	Ensures and facilitates development of Departmental Strategic Plans that is consistent with the Medium-Term Strategic Framework and various policies mandates applicable to the Department.

Stakeholder	Roles	Responsibility
		 Must establish a framework for managing Performance Information in order to facilitate performance monitoring, evaluation and corrective measures of reporting to the executive authority. Ensures that the Departmental strategies and goals feed into the broader Government objectives and priorities Provides strategic support in intergovernmental programmes within the sector as well as sector partnership Establishes and maintains effective, efficient, and transparent systems of financial, risk management and internal control processes within the Department. Approval of captured targets as reflected in the Strategic Plan, Annual Performance Plan, Operational Plan and quarterly performance reports. HOD to conduct business review sessions with the Chief Directorates 7 working days before the EDMC. Approval of final reported data by and attach compliance certificate on the provincial and EQPRS system.
Chief Financial Officer	Official responsible for financial reporting	Accounts for the efficient and proper use of the Department's financial resources
Programme	Programme	Ensures the overall effective, efficient and
Managers (Chief	Managers	timely delivery on the Department's
Directors)	responsible for sign-	mandate within the allocated resources as
	offs of programme	a key result area of the Department
	performance information	Quality assure and submit signed off inputs into the final plans and Performance reports.

Stakeholder	Roles	Responsibility
	 Provide oversight during the Planning, Monitoring and Reporting processes Provide progress on the Performance Improvement Plan for underperformed indicators. 	 Consolidation of chief directorates monthly performance reports. Conduct Chief directorates planning and performance review sessions: Verify portfolio of evidence for reported outputs Ensure programme compliance to strategic planning, monitoring and evaluation frameworks and guidelines Verify the reported performance information of programmes Approve the programme performance reports. Submit Programme Narrative Report Sign offs to SPM&E Unit Complete and submit the signed Quality Assurance Form of APP Reported outputs (Annexure B) Monitor and report progress on monthly basis for Quarterly under-achieved targets Oversee the reported progress of the improvement plan and the SOPA reports Facilitate Programme Planning sessions (preparatory planning sessions before the Departmental Lekgotla)
Line function managers	Responsible for the	Ensure programme compliance to planning and reporting guidelines
(Directors)	Planning, Monitoring and Reporting activities	 Report performance progress against predetermined objectives on a monthly, quarterly and annual basis Quality assurance of reported performance information

	Responsibility
	 Capture, verify reported outputs in the Provincial Electronic Reporting System Provide and upload relevant and credible Portfolio of Evidence (POE) for reported outputs. Where there are reasons for deviation, the manager must also provide POE for reasons of deviations on the Provincial Electronic Reporting System. Sign off the sub-programme performance reports and Compliance Checklists Responsible for the effective, efficient, economical and transparent use of financial and resources at their disposal Accountable for accurate reporting, provision of performance information evidence and verification of reported information ▶ Responsible for the verification and submission/handing over of portfolio of evidence within their respective units to Strategic Planning, M&E directorate for validation purposes
	Their Performance Agreements should also reflect these responsibilities to assist them to make informed management decisions Report progress on the improvement plan and
technical	SOPA reports • Responsible for risk identification, analysis and
during the	mitigation on performance and financial
, Monitoring Reporting	information
	, Monitoring

Stakeholder	Roles	Responsibility						
Office of the Premier (OOP)	Provide technical support during Audit processes Premier's Office have a direct interest in all	 The Internal Control unit facilitate the development, monitor and report on the implementation of Audit Action Plans for both Provincial Internal Audit and Auditor General of South Africa's report. Coordinates the performance auditing processes. Ensuring a smooth implementation of the eQPRS 						
	aspects of performance information management	 Monitor the role of the performance reporting Coordinate the quarterly performance reporting function; and ensure alignment of the planning and reporting processes Ensure that the annual targets and the quarterly targets as contained in the Annual Performance Plans of provincial departments are reflected in the eQPRS when Reporting Populate SOPA pronouncement and Makgotla resolutions (Programme of Action: POA) and submit to department for endorsement by Management and HoD. Quality-check the accuracy, comprehensiveness, relevance and coherency of performance reports/ data submitted by provincial departments. Give assessment reports to provincial departments for review. Follow up on outstanding submissions by provincial departments Facilitate the change of users in the system before the reporting 						

Stakeholder	Roles	Responsibility					
		 Publish data of provincial departments on their websites Consolidate provincial performance reports Automation of collected Data on the Provincial M&E System. Communicate reporting processes and timeframes to departments during the reporting periods. Develop info graphics dashboards. Grant eQPRs access rights to approved users. Issue the Guideline for Implementation of Provincial Quarterly Performance Reports Set quarterly reporting timeframes on the eQPR system. 					
Department of Planning Monitoring and Evaluation.	Overall administrator of the Planning Monitoring and Evaluation.	 Providing input into the processes to select and define performance indicators, particularly to ensure that the Department gather the information that the Presidency requires to monitor and evaluate the effectiveness of government policies and plans Assess Department's Plans and provide feedback Assess Department's Reports and provide feedback Configures the approved budget programme structure Annually set reporting timeframes on the system as outlined in these guidelines for Implementation of Provincial Quarterly Performance Reporting Circulate consolidated reports to DPME, National Treasury and Heads of 					

Stakeholder	Roles	Responsibility				
		Departments of national departments with concurrent functions. Issue the Guideline for Provincial Quarterly Performance Reporting Configure the standardised output indicators for standardised sectors in the eQPRS Grant eQPRS access rights to approved users Provide access to the eQPRS reports for relevant external stakeholders				
Auditor-General	Audits financial and	Express Audit opinion on whether the reported				
South Africa	non- financial performance Information	performance against predetermined objectives produced by Department is useful and reliable				
Provincial Internal	Ensure that effective	Assist both the Audit and Risk Management				
Audit	internal controls are in place Review systems, processes and controls in the Department in relation to Performance Information	Committee and management through monitoring, examining, evaluating, reporting and recommending improvements to the adequacy and effectiveness Evaluate measures instituted by management: To ensure adequacy of controls for Performance Information To ensure compliance with relevant policies, procedures, regulations, contracts and legislation, to determine whether the set objectives have been achieved and to report thereon, To ensure economic procurement of resources, To ensure efficient and effective utilisation of resources				

Stakeholder	Roles	Responsibility
		 Audit departmental plans and performance information on Provincial Monitoring and Evaluation System. Produce report and advice on required remedial action. Submit all reports, returns, notices and other information to Office of the Premier or the relevant provincial legislature and to the relevant Executive Authority or treasury as may be required by the Act.
Audit Committee	Provide an independent audit oversight to the Department of Community Safety and Transport Management	 Review the effectiveness of the internal control systems Review the effectiveness of the internal audit function Review the risk areas of the institution's operations to be covered in the scope of internal and external audits Review the adequacy, reliability and accuracy of the financial information provided to management and other users of such information Review any accounting and auditing concerns identified as a result of internal and external audits Review and advice the Department on issues relating to the AGSA/PIA findings and develop an action plan to assist the Department in addressing the findings and ensures the implementation and monitoring thereof Review the institution's compliance with legal and regulatory provisions

Stakeholder	Roles	Responsibility					
National and Provincial Treasuries	Prescribe budgets formats, prepare budgets Provides measures to ensure transparency and expenditure control in each sphere of government.	 Review the activities of the internal audit function, including its annual work programme, coordination with the external auditors, the reports of significant investigations and the responses of management to specific recommendations. Developing standards that may be required to facilitate the implementation of this Framework. Monitoring the implementation of the Framework by all institutions within their respective spheres. Providing training on the use of financial information. Using the information generated by other institutions to monitor, evaluate and report on economy, efficiency, effectiveness and equity in the use of resources to deliver services. Prescribing the formats of budgets for developing measures to ensure 					
		 transparency and control of expenditure in all spheres of government. Ensuring that budgets are aligned with institutional plans and government priorities through the Budget Prioritising Framework. Overseeing the development of budgets programme structures. 					
Department of Public Service and Administration	Development of policies and standards that ensure the public service is efficient and effective	Ensure the monitoring and reporting are done in an integrated manner and aligned to the best practices to improve public administration.					

Stakeholder	Roles	Responsibility
National School of	Custodians of	Develops capacity-building programmes
Governance	capacity building in	around Planning, Monitoring & Evaluation
	Government	across Government
Department	Provide strategic	They are accountable for establishing and
Management	direction to the	maintaining the Performance Information
Committee	Department and	processes and systems within their area of
(DMC/EMC)	adhere to the	responsibility
Note: In the event	provisions of this	Adopt Departmental Policies, Plans and
where the DMC	Policy	Performance Reports
does not sit, the		
reports will be tabled		
before the EMC		
Extended	Review, quality	Ensure that the Departmental quarterly and
Departmental	assure	annual Performance Reports are of good
Management	Departmental	quality.
Committee (EDMC)	plans and	Adopt the reviewed and quality assured
	performance	performance reports
	reports.	
Strategic Planning,	Coordination of	Facilitate the development of the
Monitoring and	non-financial	Departmental Strategic and Annual
Evaluation unit	performance	Performance Plans (APPs) and
	information	Operational Plans in line with relevant
		prescripts
		 Assess Corporate Plans of the entity as
		prescribed by Revised framework for
		Strategic Plans and Annual
		Performance Plans
		Facilitate the development of Standard
		Operating Procedures (SOPs)
		Facilitate and coordinate Departmental
		Planning sessions (Makgotla)
		Provide technical assistance on the
		development of plans during
		programme planning sessions

Stakeholder	Roles	Responsibility
		 Customise and circulate planning cycle processes timeframes/timelines in alignment with the Revised Framework for Strategic Plans and Annual Performance Plans Submits draft Plans to oversight bodies for assessment Facilitate the compilation and development of Annual Reports documents. Coordinate the compilation of monthly,
		 Facilitate and coordinate Extended Departmental Management Committee (EDMC) quarterly review sessions and the Annual Review sessions Coordinate submission of Departmental plans and reports to the Accounting Officer for sign-off and submission to all relevant stakeholders.
		 Validate monthly and quarterly reported outputs against the actual reported and planned Responsible for the safe-keeping and safe-guarding of Portfolio of Evidence for audit purposes (except programme 2)
		 Nominate Data Capturers and Departmental Coordinator (eQPRS) for approval.

Stakeholder	Roles	Responsibility
		Customise and circulate the reporting
		timeliness for Implementation of
		Provincial Quarterly Performance
		Reports.
		-The data capturers have the following
		responsibilities:
		✓ Configure all output indicators in the eQPRS
		✓ Add programmes/sub-
		programmes (based on the
		approved budget programme
		structure) on the system
		✓ Configure all annual and
		quarterly targets in the eQPRS
		✓ Capture required fields such as
		performance targets, actual outputs, reasons for deviations,
		•
		corrective measures, pre-
		audited and audited outputs.
		✓ Ensure that data captured is
		accurate, valid, relevant and coherent
		✓ Save completed performance
		data for verification by the
		Departmental Coordinator
		The Departmental Coordinators have the
		following responsibilities:
		✓ For all indicators: quality assure the
		configured programmes and sub-
		programmes based on the approved
		budget programme structure
		✓ Gives access rights to the capturer
		prior approval by DPME
		✓ Quality assures captured annual and
		quarterly targets in the eQPRS

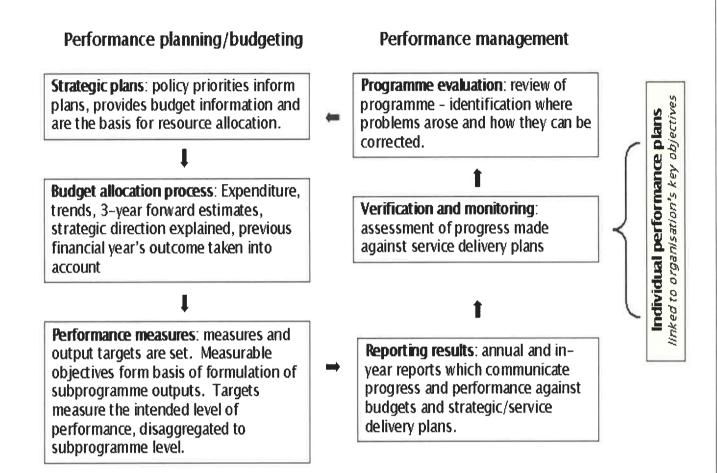
Stakeholder	Roles	Responsibility				
		✓ Verify the data submitted by the data capturer to ensure accuracy, validity, and relevance.				
		 ✓ Submit completed performance data in the eQPRS to the responsible National Department with concurrent functions and the Office of the Premier for oversight ✓ Amend the data captured based on the inputs from the National Department with concurrent functions and Offices of the Premier ✓ Submit quarterly reports to the Accounting Officer for approval ✓ Monitoring of the progress of the Improvement Plan 				
		The Evaluation Unit have the following responsibilities:				
		✓ Provide technical assistance in the drafting of research/evaluation concept notes				
		✓ Develop and implement the Departmental Research/Evaluation Plan				
		✓ Submission of Departmental Research and Evaluation Plan for HOD's approval				
		✓ Submission of Departmental Evaluation Plan to the Office of the Premier				
		✓ Drafting of ToRs for each research/evaluation study				

Stakeholder	Roles	Responsibility
		 ✓ Establishment of the Departmental Research and Evaluation Technical Working Group ✓ Undertaking of research/evaluation studies (if internal) ✓ Development of data collection tools, analysis and ✓ Compilation of research/evaluation report(s) ✓ Presentation of research/evaluation report to the Departmental Research and Evaluation Technical Working Group for adoption ✓ Presentation of the research/evaluation report to management for approval ✓ Dissemination of research/evaluation report with oversight bodies and officials
Portfolio	Oversee the work of	Provide overarching oversight on the
Committee on	the Department and its	functions of COSATMA
Transport	Budget votes	 Enquire and make recommendations about any aspect of the Department, including its structure, functionality and policy
National	National departments	Interrogating data submitted against
Department of	with concurrent	targets in the Annual Performance
Transport (NDoT)	functions (National	Plans
	Oversight) receive quarterly performance data	Communicating data discrepancies, if any, through the eQPRS to the provincial counterparts.
	through the eQPRS	provincial counterparts

Stakeholder	Roles	Responsibility						
	from the respective provincial departments for quality assurance.	 Verify that the data submitted by provinces is correct and accurate Ensure that provincial departments have reported on all standardised output indicators 						

6. PLANNING, BUDGETING AND REPORTING

Figure 4.1 Below depicts a direct link between the Planning Budgeting and Reporting cycle



The planning, budgeting and reporting cycle describe the relationship between these processes and emphasises that the executive is accountable to the relevant elected representative body for the entire process. Full and regular reports are required at each stage of the process. At any given time within government, information from multiple years is being considered, in planning and budgeting for next year, implementation for the current year and reporting on last year's performance. Although performance information is reported publicly at the last stage through an Annual Report, the performance information begins when policies are being developed, and continues through each of the planning, budgeting, implementation and reporting stages. Regular assessments must be undertaken against the Strategic Plans include Mid-term Assessments and end-term assessments. Mid-term assessment report must include recommendations about performance, Budgeting and planning improvement for the strategic plans remaining financial year, with its findings contributing to sector performance assessment. The department must report on progress against outcomes in the strategic plans.

Figure 4.2: Reporting Timeframes

	Financial Years	2019/20	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2026/27	2027/28	2028/29	2029/30
In-year Reporting	12 Monthly Expenditure Reports	12 MERs	12 MERs	12 MERs	12 ME%	12 MERs						
	4 Quarterly Performance Reports	4 QPRs	4 QPRs	4 CPRs	4 QPRs							
Medium Term Reporting	Annual Reports	AR	AR	絲	AR	緑	AR	AR	AR	AR	AR	級
	Medium Term Reviews				MTR					MTR		
	End Term Reviews							EIR				

Figure 4.3: Results Based Concepts The developmental results of achieving specific outcomes MPAC Manage towards What we aim to change? achieving these results The medium-term results for specific beneficiaries that are the consequence of achieving specific outputs **OUTCOMES** What we wish to achieve? The final products, or goods and services produced for delivery **OUTPUTS** What we produce or deliver? The processes or actions that use a Plan, budget, range of inputs to produce the desired implement and outputs and ultimately outcomes **ACTIVITIES** monitor What we do? The resources that contribute to the production and delivery of outputs INPUTS What we use to do the work?

DEVELOPING PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Suitable indicators need to be specified to measure performance in relation to inputs, activities, outputs, outcomes and impacts. The challenge is to specify indicators that measure things that are useful from a management and accountability perspective. This means managers need to be selective when defining indicators.

Defining a good performance indicator requires careful analysis of what is to be measured. One needs to have a thorough understanding of the nature of the input or output, the activities, the desired outcomes and impacts, and all relevant definitions and standards used in the field. For this reason, it is important to involve subject experts and line managers in the process.

The Treasury Performance Information hand book recommends that institutions should utilise different approaches in developing their yard sticks.

The emphasis is on specifying indicators that measure things that are useful from a management and accountability perspective. This requires a careful analysis of what is to be measured to address the core mandate of the institution. There is a need for a thorough understanding of the nature of the input or output, the activities, the desired outcomes and impacts, and all relevant definitions and standards used in the field.

A good performance indicator should have the following characteristics:

Reliable: the indicator should be accurate enough for its intended use and respond to changes in the level of performance.

Well-defined: the indicator needs to have a clear, unambiguous definition so that data will be collected consistently, and be easy to understand and use.

Verifiable: it must be possible to validate the processes and systems that produce the indicator.

Cost-effective: the usefulness of the indicator must justify the cost of collecting the data.

Appropriate: the indicator must avoid unintended consequences and encourage service delivery improvements, and not give managers incentives to carry out activities simply to meet a particular target.

Relevant: the indicator must relate logically and directly to an aspect of the institution's mandate, and the realisation of strategic goals and objectives.

The audit criteria are based on usefulness and reliability.

Usefulness includes-

- Presentation:
 - Comparison between planned and actual
 - o measures taken to improve have been disclosed
- Measurability:
 - o Indicators well-defined and verifiable.
 - Targets are Specific, Measurable and time-bound
- Relevance: indicators relate logically and directly to an aspect of the institution's mandate,
 and the realisation of strategic goals and objectives
- Consistency:
 - Objectives, indicators and targets must be consistent

o Reported achievement should be consistent with planned and reported indicators

Reliability includes-

- Accuracy: numeric accuracy of the value or percentage
- Completeness: all transactions / actions have been recorded
- Validity: transactions / actions valid within the scope of legislation, in line with the objectives
 of the organisation, approved by the relevant delegated authority and within the planned
 budget.

It is stipulated in the FMPPI, 2007 that institutional targets should adhere to the SMART principle. This is an acronym which dictates that performance targets must be Specific, Measurable, Achievable, Relevant and Time-Bound.

Targets

A useful set of criteria of selecting performance targets is the SMART principle

- Specific: Disambiguation includes words like precise, exact and unambiguous
- Measurable: Quantifiable, computable, detectable
- Achievable: realistic when compared to history, trends, capacity and available resources
- Relevant: Fits into the big picture
- Time-bound: by when success should be achieved

Ensuring the availability of supporting evidence

In Chapters 2 and 3 of Performance Information (PI) Handbook developed by Treasury, Institutions are advised to ensure at the point of selecting indicators, that the necessary evidence to support the indicators will be available. The purpose of these processes is to ensure that the data used to review performance internally is accurate, valid and complete. Furthermore, organisations' ability to report to Provincial legislature fairly and accurately provides a clear indication of what has actually been achieved against predetermined objectives. This will assist the government to measure how they are performing towards the achievement of broader plans like the NDP and Millennium Goals. Furthermore, the Outcomes information reported will help government to prioritize interventions to achieve all their plans.

The directorates shall submit verified Portfolio of evidence to Strategic Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation for validation purposes. The POE is being centralised to Head office. The PoE is filed, and properly indexed according to the signed checklist and kept safe for audit purposes.

6.1 PLANNING

The Departmental planning and reporting is guided by the Revised Framework for Strategic Plans and Annual Performance Plans. Performance information should inform the development of the Departmental Strategic, Annual Performance plans and Operational Plans as well as reporting, monitoring and implementation. At the end of the Medium-Term Strategic Framework (MTSF – 5 years and above) the Department needs to assess the impact and appropriateness/relevance or responsiveness of the strategies and interventions to determine gaps and challenges.

Strategic planning is a process that is used to determine where an organisation is going over the next year or more, how it's going to get there and how an organization will know if it is moving towards the right direction as planned or not. The focus of a strategic plan is usually on the entire organization, as opposed to a business/operational plan which is usually on a particular product, service or program. Given its strategic nature and versatility it is also a tool used to define performance that is to be measured, to set priorities and allocates resources

The Strategic Plan relates to institutions policy priorities, programmes and project plans for a 5-year period as approved by its executive authority. The strategic plan should take into consideration the Medium-Term Strategic Framework (MTSF), the National Development Plan (NDP), Provincial Development Plan, Integrated Development Plans (IDPs) of municipalities, Performance Agreements between the President and Ministers and Service Delivery Agreements entered into in terms of broad strategic outcomes by MECs.

All plans should be developed in alignment to the Revised Framework for Strategic Plans and Annual Performance Plans.

Systems description for formulating Strategic and Annual Performance Plans

Activity	Description of processes and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used
Collection of information	 The Strategic Planning sub-directorate customise and align planning templates to specific programmes and circulate them for completion by all programme managers for the development of Departmental Strategic Plan and Annual Performance Plan Circulate the departmental annual planning processes dates to management 	August	Electronically using the email

Activity	Description of processes and	Timeframes	Systems
	All programmes should hold chief directorate planning sessions in order to prepare inputs for submission into draft plans. Programmes should compile minutes of the Chief Directorate Planning session Strategic Planning unit will provide technical assistance during these sessions and compile a	August- September	Electronically using the email
	The Strategic Planning sub- directorate analyses programme inputs and recommend improvements on identified areas for consolidation into the Departmental Plans.	-October and January-February	Use of planning and analytic skills, etc.
	All programme managers must submit their signed-off inputs to the Strategic Planning sub-directorate.	October and January	Electronically using the email and manually for hard copies
Planning Sessions (Makgotla)	 The Department will hold Departmental planning sessions coordinated by the Strategic Planning sub-directorate and chaired by the Head of Department. SPME Unit presents the draft plan collated from programme inputs. 	October and January	At a venue to be communicate d

Activity	Description of processes and	Timeframes	Systems
	procedures		used
	 Inputs are interrogated by the collective and changes are effected. Secretariat in Office of HOD compiles minutes/ report on the processes followed and deliberations during the planning sessions. 		
Processing and reporting	Strategic Planning circulates the 1 st draft APP and final APP, to Chief Directors for sign-off.	October and February	Manually: submission of hard copies
Information	 The signed off inputs from all programme managers are recorded and filed A submission register of received inputs is compiled and circulated. 		and electronically
	The SPM&E submits draft Departmental Annual Performance Plan to the EMC for Quality Assurance.	February	At a venue to be communicate d
	 The final APP is signed-off by the Programme Managers, Accounting Officer and approved by the MEC and finally submitted to relevant oversight bodies. 	March	Electronic and hard copies
	The office of the HOD unit will provide secretarial services during Planning sessions (Makgotlas)	October/February	At a venue to be communicate d
	SPM&E facilitates printing and publishing of the approved Annual Performance Plan		

Note: The above processes and procedures are performed/ executed In line with the PFMA, Treasury Regulation, Revised Framework for Strategic Plans and APPs, FMPPI, Departmental Performance Information Management Policy and the Budget Programme Structure (BPS)

6.2 BUDGETING

The MTEF details three-year rolling expenditure and revenue plans for provincial departments and public entities. They are issued in accordance with section 27(3) of the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), Act No. 1 of 1999.

The MTEF budget process is designed to match the overall resource envelope, estimated through 'top-down' macro-economic and fiscal policy processes, with the bottom-up estimation of the current and medium-term cost of existing departmental plans and expenditure programmes.

Government plans are implemented at different levels across the three spheres of government (National, Provincial and Local) and across a large number of public entities and state-owned enterprises (SOEs). The purpose of the Budget Prioritization Framework (BPF) is to guide allocation of budgets towards achieving government priorities. It provides the strategic framework for decision-making on budget priorities that will enable achievement of the goals of the NDP using limited resources (MTSF 2020-2025).

The budget process ensures that resources are allocated to meet South Africa's political priorities and to improve the quality and effectiveness of spending within sustainable fiscal limits.

6.3 REPORTING

- As per the FMPPI, the Department is mandated to report progress on all performance indicators in the Annual Performance Plan including customised sector indicators.
- The customised sector indicators are reported quarterly/ annually to DPME and National Treasury with the view of determining how provinces are performing which will inform broader plans.
- SP, M&E unit will circulate the set Reporting dates to programme managers as provided in the customised reporting guidelines

Monthly Performance Reporting

The purpose of monthly performance reports is to provide information on the overall progress made on the Implementation of the Operational Plan, State of the Province Address (SOPA) and Makgotla deliverables (POA) and Improvement Plan.

Quarterly Performance Reporting

- The purpose of quarterly performance reports is to provide information on the overall progress made on the implementation of the department's Annual Performance Plan, on a quarterly and annual basis.
- The department is required to review their performance over a three-month period, substantiate and communicate achievements, and indicate the actions that will be taken to ensure that implementation of the Annual Performance Plan remains on track.
- The department must ensure that data submitted in the quarterly performance reports is accurate and valid at the time of reporting

6.3.1 Reporting Mechanisms

- Monthly reporting on SOPA deliverables and Makgotla implementation (POA)will be undertaken using the Provincial Monitoring and Evaluation System. The information/report must be signed off by accounting officers of respective departments.
- Quarterly reporting on Annual Performance Plans (APPs) will be undertaken using two reporting systems, that is:
 - ✓ Provincial Monitoring and Evaluation System
 - ✓ Electronic Quarterly Performance Reporting System

The Provincial Monitoring and Evaluation System (PM&ES) will be utilised for data gathering from different departmental programme managers, data validation and storage of Portfolio of Evidence (POE's) by internal departmental Monitoring and Evaluation (M&E) units. The information/report must be signed off by Accounting Officer of respective departments.

Department of Planning, Monitoring & Evaluation (DPME) Electronic Quarterly Performance Reporting System (EQPRS) will be utilized by Departmental Coordinators and Accounting Officers/Head of Department to submit accurate and valid performance report to DPME. The report must also be signed off by the Accounting Officer/ Head of Department.

The process of Reporting is as follows:

- To occur firstly on the Provincial M&E System where Programme Managers will be expected to report on indicator achievements and attach evidence to substantiate these.
- POE's for non-achievement of targets is also expected.
- POE's for high volume indicators will be reported using an index list which will
 outline the path where the high-volume POE that could not be scanned and
 uploaded on the system will be filed.
- Departmental Coordinators to report on DPME EQPRS and facilitate sign-off by the Accounting Officer.
- Data reported at the end of each quarter must be data that is **valid** at the time of reporting.

Annual Performance Reporting

- Inputs on the annual report from all programmes should be submitted to the Monitoring and Evaluation sub-directorate in preparation for the annual report review session on the date circulated by the M&E Unit.
- The Department will hold an Annual Report (AR) review session to assess its performance against the plan and to also identify areas of non-performance and challenges encountered. This is in accordance with the PMFA and the Treasury Regulations and shall be substantiated with evidence to justify reported outputs as well as all deviations to targeted levels of performance. The standard formats for all reports should be aligned to the National Annual Report Guideline.

Systems description for Reporting

Activity	Description of process and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and Legal Prescripts
A.	MONTHLY &QU	ARTERLY REI	PORTING PROC	ESS
Collection,	Strategic Planning,	Annually	Provincial M&E	In line with the PFMA,
Processing	M&E submits the		Reporting	Treasury Regulations
and	Annual Performance		System and	paragraph 5.3.1,
reporting of	Plan to OOP for		eQPRs	Guideline for
Information	automation and			Provincial Quarterly
	uploading on the			

Activity	Description of process and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and Legal Prescripts
The following sub- programmes in the Department are district based: Law Enforcement (Traffic stations), Transport Safety & Compliance, and Operator License & Permits). Data is collected from local municipality level and consolidated	Provincial M&E Reporting System and eQPR System Strategic Planning, Monitoring & Evaluation unit, quality assures the automated APP Customise and circulate Monthly reporting templates to programme and line managers for the first two months of the quarter, and the last month of the quarter will be collapsed into the Quarterly Reporting Customise and circulate Monthly reporting templates to programme and	Monthly	Electronic/Email	Performance Reporting North West: Provincial
consolidated at district offices and finally	line managers for the reporting of the Improvement Plan and the SOPA reports.			

Activity	Description of process and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and Legal Prescripts
submitted to	Customise and	Quarterly		
head office	circulate narrative			
	reporting templates			
	to programme and			
	line managers			
	Customise and issue	Quarterly/		
	a notice of reporting	Annually		
	dates to programme			
	and line managers			
	for them to			
	commence with			
	reporting on the			
	Provincial M&E			
	reporting system			

Activity	Description of process and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and Legal Prescripts
	District offices	Quarterly/		
	compile reports and	Annually		
	POE and submit to	Aillidaily		
	head office			
	noda omoc			
	Line managers			
	submit consolidated			
	narrative report to			
	Programme			
	managers			
	Programme			
	managers			
	consolidate narrative			
	reports from			
	respective sub-			
	programmes and			
	submit to SP,M&E			
	unit for compilation			
	of Departmental			
	Narrative Report			
	Line managers			
	capture the final			
	outputs on the			
	Provincial M&E			
	electronic Reporting			
	System			

Activity	Description of process and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and Prescripts	Legal
	Line managers				
	Line managers upload the verified				
	· ·				
	Portfolio of Evidence				
	(POE) for reported				
	outputs and				
	deviations on the				
	Provincial M&E				
	electronic Reporting				
	System				

Activity	Description of process and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and Le	gal
	M&E Data capturers	Quarterly/		1-11	
	populate the eQPR	Annually			
	system with				
	reported outputs as				
	exported from the				
	Provincial reporting				
	system				
	The departmental				
	coordinator:				
	Verifies the data				
	submitted by the				
	data capturer to				
	ensure				
	accuracy,				
	validity, and				
	relevance.				
	Submits				
	completed				
	performance				
	data in the				
	eQPRS to the				
	National				
	Department of				
	Planning				
	Monitoring and				
	Evaluation with				
	concurrent				
	functions and				
	the Office of the				
	Premier for				
	oversight				

Activity	Description of	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and	Legal
	process and			Prescripts	
	procedures				
	Amends the data				
	captured based				
	on the feedback				
	from the				
	National				
	Department of				
	Planning				
	Monitoring and				
	Evaluation with				
	concurrent				
	functions and				
	Offices of the				
	Premier				
	Submits				
	quarterly reports				
	to the				
	Accounting				
	Officer/Head of				
	Department for				
	approval				

Activity	Description of	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and Legal
	process and			Prescripts
	procedures			
	The M&E sub-	Monthly		1 1 1
	directorate monitors	Quarterly		
	reporting of			
	programmes and			
	sub-programmes on			
	the Provincial M&E			
	reporting system			
	and sends out			
	reminders to non-			
	compliant			
	programmes and			
	sub-programmes			
	Receive, analyse	Quarterly	-	
	inputs and provide			
	feedback to			
	programme and line			
	managers on the			
	quantitative and			
	narrative reports			
	The Monitoring and	Quarterly		
	Evaluation sub-			
	directorate			П
	consolidates all			
	received inputs into			
	a draft Departmental			
	narrative report for			
	presentation during			
	the quarterly			
	performance review			
	session			

Activity	Description of process and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and Legal Prescripts
	The Monitoring and	Quarterly		
	Evaluation sub-	Quarterly		
	directorate exports			
	the Excel report from			
	the Provincial M&E			
	reporting system for			
	presentation during			
	the quarterly			
	performance review			
	session			
	Programme and sub	Quarterly	-	
	programme	_		
	managers submit			
	Annexure B together			
	with final signed-off			
	statistical reports			
	exported from the			
	Provincial Electronic			
	M&E Reporting			
	System and			
	narrative reports.			
	The final electronic	Quarterly		
	and signed-off			
	Departmental			
	quarterly reports are			
	submitted to Office			
	of the Premier and			
	Provincial			
	Legislature			
		ANNUAL REP	ORTING PROCE	SS

Activity	Description of process and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and Legal Prescripts
	M&E receives the	Annually	Electronically	In line with the
	revised Annual			PFMA, Treasury
	Reporting			Regulations
	guideline/framework			paragraph 5.3.1,
				Departmental
				Performance
				Information

Activity	Description of process and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and Legal Prescripts
	M&E sub-directorate	Annually	Electronically	In line with the PFMA,
	customises and			Treasury Regulations
	circulates Annual			paragraph 5.3.1,
	Reporting template			Departmental
	to programme and			Performance
	line managers			Information

Activity	Description of process and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and Legal Prescripts
	Receive and analyse inputs from programme and line managers	Annually	Electronically	Management Policy, Annual Report Guide for National and Provincial
	Provide feedback to programme and line managers on received inputs	Annually	Electronically	Departments
	The M&E unit consolidates all received non-financial inputs into a draft Departmental Annual Report for presentation at the Annual Report Review session	Annually	Electronically	
	All programme managers submit signed-off hard-copies to the M&E unit to confirm inputs into the Annual report	Annually	Electronically	
	The SP,M&E submits draft Departmental Annual Report (predetermined objectives) to the EMC for Quality Assurance.	Annually	Manually	

Activity	Description of process and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and Legal Prescripts
	Submit Draft Annual	Annually	Electronically	
	Report to Provincial			
	Internal Audit and			
	Audit Committee for			
	assessment and			
	recommendations			
	for improvement			

Activity	Description of process and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and Legal Prescripts
	Incorporate	Annually	Electronically	
	recommendations			
	from the PIA and			
	audit committee and			
	the head of			
	department signs-off			
	the Annual Report to			
	be submitted to			
	AGSA			
	the head of department signs-off the Annual Report to be submitted to			

Activity	Description of process and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used	Policies and Lega Prescripts
	The final Annual Report is approved and signed-off by the Accounting	Annually	Electronically	
	Officer and the MEC			
	The SP,M&E unit facilitates the printing of the final Departmental Annual Report	Annually	Electronic and hard copies	
	The Department submits electronic and signed-off final Departmental Annual Report to AGSA and Office of the Premier. Office of the MEC submits signed-off final Departmental Annual Report to Provincial Legislature for tabling.	Annually	Electronically	
	SP,M&E Unit facilitates publishing of the tabled Annual Report (Website and distribution of hardcopies)	Annually	Electronically	

6.4 Evaluation

Evaluation involves the systematic collection and objective analysis of evidence on public policies, programmes, projects, functions, and organizations to assess key issues such as relevance, performance (effectiveness and efficiency), value for money, impact, and sustainability. The purpose of evaluation is primarily to enhance performance, accountability, and decision-making, while also contributing to knowledge generation (research). The Department of Community Safety and Transport Management, through its Strategic Planning, Monitoring, and Evaluation function, plays a leading role in establishing the standards, processes, and methodologies for planning and conducting evaluations. It is also responsible for communicating the results of evaluations related to departmental programmes, policies, Strategic Plans, and Annual Performance Plans, all of which serve as a foundation for evaluating the organizational performance of public institutions.

In response to the requirements by the revised National Evaluation Policy Framework, 2019, the Department is expected to develop a multi-year Research and Evaluation Plan which will be translated into annual Departmental Research and Evaluation Plans indicating which studies are to be conducted for that particular financial year. The Departmental Research and Evaluation Plan will consist of budgeted studies and once studies are completed improvement plans as approved by the Head of Department will need to be developed and implemented.

In order to rollout evaluations, a standard rollout plan indicating the timeframes and activities is detailed below:

			Responsible Unit	Ideally
and submission of		Meeting of programme managers and directors to consider priority evaluations (supported by evaluation staff) and discussion on process for concept note submissions including concept note format	in Dept	April
Development a	concepts	 Half day briefing workshops with programmes within departments to deepen understanding of the National Evaluation Policy Framework, the Concept for the Departmental Evaluation Plan 	in Dept	April

	3. Work-shopping of draft concept	Evaluation I	Unit <mark>M</mark> ay
	notes for evaluations with programme	in Dept	
	managers		
	 Evaluation draft concept notes with relevant 		Мау
	programmes	Evaluation ^I	Unit
		in Dept	
	5. Deadline for concept notes to be submitted	Programme	Мау
		managers	
	6. Proposals reviewed by DEWG and	DEWG/	Мау
	recommendations made to EMC for evaluations for	Evaluation I	Unit
	three-five years.	in Dept	
	7. Deadline for programme managers to include	programme	June
	evaluations in their 5 year budgets	managers	
	8. Departmental Evaluation Plan drafted	Evaluation	UnitJune
		in Dept	
	9. DEP submitted to departmental EMC for	Evaluation	UnitJune
	approval	in Dept	:
	10. Possibility of scoping workshops for each	Evaluation	UnitAug/Sept
	evaluation where wider stakeholders help to guide	and releva	nt
	the appropriate focus and scope of the evaluation	Programme	
		Manager	
	11. If possible training of programme	Evaluation	UnitSeptember
	manager/evaluation staff for each evaluation	in Dept	
	recommended for and to draft TORs produced for	ò	
ing	evaluations. DPME has developed standard courses	1	
refir	available through different service		
Selection and refining	providers.		
n a	12. Possibility appointment ofwith evaluation experts	SPME	October
ection 1	to review theory of change, evaluation purpose,		
Sele	questions and methodology and refine TORs		
	13. TORs finalised for evaluations	Evaluation	UnitJan
		in Dept	
	14. Procurement undertaken or planning of internal		UnitFeb
	evaluation	in Dept	
Start-up	15. Contracts awarded (if external) and inception		UnitMarch
<u></u>	meetings	in Dept	

16. DEPs are submitted to the office of the premier	Evaluation	UnitMarch
for monitoring the implementation of the study	in Dept and	OTP

Monitoring and Evaluation is therefore the process of collecting and analysing information about the programme or projects you are implementing that indicates whether or not the Department is achieving its objectives. In order for an organization to know whether it is on track in achieving its objectives, programmes must be monitored during their implementation and have their impact assessed in the end.

6.5 Standard Operating Procedures

The Departmental Standard Operating procedure (SOP) is a document that describes routine or regular recurring operations to ensure that activities are carried out correctly and consistently. The SOP has been developed to provide clear guidance on the processes that should be followed to ensure coordination and timely response to programme performance indicators

Standard operating procedures include steps that outline when and how information should flow in programmes towards providing performance improvements. The knowledge of SOPs will make departmental programmes understand processes in order to improve efficacy in achieving government's priorities.

These are processes and procedures of the key activities linked to performance indicators in the tabled Departmental Annual Performance Plan and Approved Operational Plan.

The development and use of SOPs minimizes variation and promotes quality through the consistent implementation of a process or procedure within a programme.

Systems description for developing and reviewing the Standard Operating Procedures

Activity	Description of processes and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used
Collection of information	 The Strategic Planning subdirectorate customise the SOP template to align it to the tabled APP and Operational Plan. Circulate the customised SOP template to programmes for inputs 	Annually (April- June)	Electronically using the email

Activity	Description of processes and procedures	Timeframes	Systems used
	Receive and collate inputs received from programmes Provide feedback and technical assistance to programmes as and when inputs are submitted Consolidate updated programme inputs into final draft SOP Submit finalised inputs to Chief Directors for verification and final		
	sign-offSubmit final SOP for AccountingOfficer's approval		

• The SOP will be reviewed subject to changes in the processes and procedures of the Departmental activities

Performance review

According to the Public Finance Management Act (Act No 1 of 1999 as amended) each government institution is required to conduct review of the Departmental performance on a quarterly basis, as a build up towards the finalization of its Annual Report.

A performance review therefore entails a process whereby the Department reflect on its performance over the past quarters against the initial plan. This process is characterized by requesting performance reports from respective Chief Directorates and sub directorates, in order to trace areas of performance and non-performance. Corrective measures are recommended and implemented where early warning signs are identified. The Departmental performance review will be coordinated by the Monitoring and Evaluation Sub directorate.

Performance Review Sessions to take place five working days prior to the date on which Provincial Departments submit to Office of the Premier. This will allow Strategic Planning, M&E to analyse and provide feedback to Managers before reports are submitted to OOP.

Standing procedures during Departmental review sessions

- The reviews will continue as scheduled on proposed dates
- SPM&E will present departmental performance report for the period under review.
- Each programme will be led by its respective programme manager i.e. Chief Director/
 Director accompanied by Senior Management Staff (SMS), or any other officials (AD/SAO)
 nominated at the Manager's discretion.
- These Departmental performance reviews will be presided upon by the Accounting Officer
 as a Chairperson or any SMS member nominated by the Accounting Officer/Head of
 Department as a chairperson.
- Other officials invited to these sessions include the Chief Director and Directors (SMS),
 Middle Management Staff and nominated officials of a unit.
- The secretariat in the office of the HOD/ SPME Unit will record minutes of these strategic sessions and make follow ups on resolutions taken for submission to Strategic Planning Monitoring and Evaluation for final consolidation of Departmental reports.
- Attendance by SMS's is compulsory
- A signed-off consolidated Quarterly Performance report of each review will be submitted to all relevant stakeholders from the Office of the Accounting Officer.

The primary focus of the Quarterly Review Sessions will be to:

- Analyze reports received from programmes to check compliance to the Departmental Plans and other policy imperatives.
- Assess the impact of Departmental services against set priorities and service delivery improvement plans.
- Identify challenges and recommend remedial actions for the Department.
- Follow up on the implementation of the recommendations of the SPM&E directorate.
- Ensure that there is consistency in the predetermined objectives, targets and actual outputs.
- Ensure that there is adherence to reporting format, placement of information and there is logical flow of information.
- Review performance of set targets for output indicators and the general performance of each programme.

Roles of Programmes and sub-programmes managers during their units' performance review

Programmes and sub-programmes are responsible for the preparation and submission of quarterly reports for all the quarters of a financial year on the dates determined by the Strategic Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation directorate in consultation with the Accounting Officer/Head of Department.

In view of the latter, Programme Managers will be expected to conduct their internal preliminary performance reviews to assess whether they have achieved the targets they set in the Annual Performance Plan. The Programme Manager is responsible for overseeing the compilation of the quarterly reports in their directorate. It is critical that for over/underperformance, management should provide reason for deviation, indicate/state remedial action and also provide POE to substantiate the reason for over/ underperformance.

The final quarterly report must be submitted timeously to the Strategic Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation directorate before presentation at the Departmental Review Session. These internal preliminary reviews should be held before or during the first week of the reporting month.

Submission of quarterly performance reports

- A standard format for the submission of these reports is determined in terms of the DPME and Office of the Premier requirements and should be followed without any alterations in the preparation and submission of the reports in question.
- The dates for submission of inputs by programme managers are determined on the submission dates set by DPME and Office of the Premier.
- Reports will be submitted both electronically and on hard copies in their final state to the relevant section after presentation at the Departmental review.
- All reports must be products of consultative sessions (internal reviews) within Chief Directorates /Directorates.
- Reports that are not signed-off by the relevant managers and accompanied by a quality assurance of quarterly performance report checklist (Annexure B) will not be accepted as this practice creates audit queries during performance audits by the Auditor General.
- In our quest to improve the evidence-based reporting system, it is further required that the Portfolio of evidence of reported outputs must be compiled by all programme managers and submitted for validation and audit purposes.

7. VERIFICATION PROCESS

Line functions managers should ensure that appropriate reported outputs are substantiated by credible, reliable and valid portfolio of evidence. Managers should monitor performance information to ensure that allocated resources are utilized effectively and efficiently in meeting the departmental set objectives.

8. SAFEGUARDING OF PORTFOLIO OF EVIDENCE

The directorate SP, M&E has centralised the safeguarding of PoE. in exception of programme 2, all validated PoE is filed in a central office space (Head Office). The filling systems implemented by management should assist proper record keeping in a timely manner to ensure that complete, relevant and accurate information is accessible and available to support performance reporting. At the end of each quarter verified POE for all sub programmes is submitted to Strategic Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation for safe keeping.

9. VALIDATION PROCESS

The Directorate: Strategic Planning, M&E on a monthly and quarterly basis compile and communicates schedules to arrange for the validation of Portfolio of Evidence against the reported outputs. When programmes report on progress and/or completion of their outputs, they should not only ensure that their performance information is accurate and reliable, but also produce and submit documentary evidence for reported outputs and reasons for variance. SP, M&E unit administers the validation checklist as per the (Annexure C) and discusses the variances found with the affected sub-programme. Once all the POE for reported outputs and reasons for variance have been validated by the SP, M&E unit, a consolidated validation report is presented to DMC for discussion on the variances found during the validation process. This should enable the management to effect early warning systems.

Reported outputs will only be confirmed as valid if it is accompanied by the relevant, accurate and credible evidence as outlined in the Technical Indicator Description for a particular financial year. In order to avoid the incompleteness and inaccuracy of the POE, each station/programme managers or delegated officials must be present during validation process.

Systems description for Verification and Validation of Performance Information

Activity	Description of process and	Timeframes	Systems	Policies
	procedures		used	and Legal
				Prescripts
Verification	The line function manager must	Monthly and	Electronicall	In line with
of reported	make sure that Portfolio of	Quarterly,	y using the	the PFMA,
outputs	Evidence is compiled for all outputs		email.	Treasury
	reported for validation and audit			Regulation,
	purposes		85	Department
	Programme managers must verify	Quarterly	Electronicall	al
	(quality assurance) reported output		y using the	Performanc
	as informed by Annexure E of the		email.	е
	APP on Technical Indicator			Information
	Description and submit to M&E			Manageme
Validation of	M&E unit communicates the	Annually	Electronicall	nt Policy
Reported	delegation form to Programme		y using the	
outputs	managers to delegate two officials		email.	
	for POE Validation at the beginning			
	of the Financial Year. Delegated			
	officials must be at a supervisory			
	level.			
	M&E unit develops the Validation	Monthly	Electronicall	
	schedule and submits to line	and	y using the	
	function managers, district and	Quarterly	email.	
	traffic station managers with			
	recommendations to ensure			
	compliance to the Performance			
	Information Management Policy			
	The SP,M&E Unit administer the	Annually	Electronic	
	customised checklists for validation		and hard	
	of reported outputs as informed by		copies	
	Annexure E of the APP on			
	Technical Indicator Description			
	The line managers or delegated	Monthly/Qua	Physical	
	official must sign the checklist to	rterly	verification	

ensure consistency between the		to all
·		
checklist and the source documents		programmes
captured in Annexure E Technical		
Indicator Description of the APP		
M & E unit administers annexure B	Quarterly	Manual
(Combined Assurance form), which		
is signed by Programme and		
Station Managers, to assure that M		
& E validates and Managers		
acknowledge feedback received		
from M & E Unit		

PUBLISHING PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

According to the Revised Framework for Strategic Plans and Annual Performance Plans, Institutions have a responsibility to publish reports and plans to the relevant institutions' websites and submit to the relevant oversight institutions within 30 days after tabling for the purpose of:

- Accounting to the provincial Legislature in accordance with Sec 92 and 114 of the Constitution.
- Being transparent and accountable to the public in accordance with Sec 195 of the Constitution.
- Providing private individuals and private sector access to information held by government that they can use in decision making.
- And to provide researchers access to information.

10. CONCLUSION

In terms of Policy framework for the Government-wide Monitoring and Evaluation, it is expected that all Departments should have a policy that will manage and regulate Performance Information. Adherence to this policy is mandatory and any contravention will be viewed as misconduct.

The SP, M&E undertakes to present the reviewed policy to DMC members to ensure the full understanding and implementation of this Policy, procedures and requirements encompassed.

Furthermore, this Policy is expected to inform and guide daily operations as far as planning, budgeting, implementation and reporting processes are concerned.

The Performance Information Management Policy will be implemented in conjunction with the Departmental Standard Operating Procedures.

11. REVIEW OF THE POLICY

This policy will be reviewed on an annual basis, based on changes in Policy and Performance information environment.

12. EFFECTIVE DATE OF THE POLICY

This policy will become effective from the date of approval thereof by the Accounting Officer.

APPROVED BY:

10/02/2025

Dr H KEKAÑA HEAD OF DEPARTMENT **DATE**







STRATEGIC PLANNING, MONITORING & EVALUATION

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ANNEXURES

STANDARDISED PLANNING FORMATS/TEMPLATES

Planning Templates

Strategic Plan

Measuring the Impact

|--|--|

Measuring our Outcomes

Five-year target	
Baseline	
Outcome Indicator	
Outcome	

"Let's Grow North West Together"







Annual Performance Plan

Outcomes, Outputs, Performance Indicators and Targets

Annual Targets	MTEF Period	2020/21 2021/22 2022/23	
		2021/22	
	4	2020/21	
	Estimated Performance	2019/20	
		2018/19	
	Audited / Actual Performance	2016/2017 2017/2018 2018/19	
	Audited /	2016/2017	
		Output Indicators	
		Outputs	
		Outcome	

Indicators, Annual and Quarterly Targets

	Annual Target				
Output Indicators	2021/22	Q1	Q2	63	49

PART D: TECHNICAL INDICATOR DESCRIPTION (TID)

Definitions and technical standards of all the information collected by the institution

The guideline for developing Annual Performance Plans includes an Annexure E- this section of the APP is called the Technical Indicator Descriptions (TIDs) and it gives a detail description of each indicator captured in the Strategic and Annual Performance Plan and reported in the Annual Report.

Indicator title	Title of the indicator verbatim as given in the programme plan
Definition	Meaning of the indicator Explanation of technical terms used in the indicator
Source of data	Where the information is collected from
Method of calculation/ Assessment	 How the performance is calculated (quantitative) How the performance is assessed (qualitative)
Means of verification	The Portfolio of Evidence required to verify the validity of the data
Assumptions	Factors accepted as true and certain to happen without proof
Disaggregation of beneficiaries	Target for women
(Where applicable)	 Target for youth Target for people with disabilities
Spatial transformation (Where applicable)	Contribution to spatial transformation priorities Description of spatial impact
Calculation type	Cumulative (Year-end), cumulative (Year-to-date) or non-cumulative
Reporting cycle	Quarterly, bi-annual or annual
Desired performance	Information about whether actual performance that is higher or lower than targeted performance is
Indicator responsibility	Who is responsible for managing and reporting the indicator
marcator responsionity	



OPERATIONAL PLAN

	Augiteria i aiget		Timeframe (By when)		Budget per activ
Output		Activities	Start Date	Finish Date	

CHICAGO I CHICAGO I MOCEDONES		COLOCIE						
Programme	Key	Description of Timefrar	Timeframes	Systems	Policies and	Policies and Description of Description of Description	Description of	Description
performance	activity	process and		nsed	legal	the reporting	the reporting the validation	of the
indicators /		procedures			prescripts	process and	process and process and verification	verification
measure						procedures	procedures	process and
							by managers	procedures
								Dy SP, M&E

STANDARDISED REPORTING FORMATS/TEMPLATES

DPME/OOP Reporting Templates Narrative Reporting Template

	RESPONSE	
	CHALLENGE	
lemplate	SUB PROGRAMME	
Narrative Reporting 1	PROGRAMME	



DEPARTMENTAL NARRATIVE QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE REPORTING TEMPLATE CUMULATIVE EXECUTIVE SUMMARY REPORT FOR THE PERIOD UNDER REVIEW

The Department of responds to outcome

(Mention the outcome in full)

Mention the Output/s in full

Mention the Sub output/outcome in full

PROGRAMME 1: Name

1.1 INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

1.2 Projects Implemented During the Quarter

NAME OF PROJECT		Budget	Total Expenditure
INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT	NON- INFRASTRUCTURE PROJECT		
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Sub programme name

1.3 HIGHLIGHTS ON ACHIEVEMENTS

1.4SUMMARY OF KEY CHALLENGES

1.5 WHAT WILL BE DONE DIFFERENTLY TO ADDRESS THOSE CHALLENGES?

1.6 RECOMMENDATIONS



Quarterly Performance Reporting System Template

Provincial reporting system template

Comments by M&E	
Q1 Remedial Actions	
Q1 Validated Q1 Reasons for Output Variance/Challenges	
Q1 Validated Output	
Q1 Target	
Annual Target	
Performance Indicator	

Electronic Quarterly Performance Reporting System (eQPR)

	Corrective Action	
	Annual Aggregate Reason for Corrective Target Output Deviation Action	
	Aggregate Output	
	Annual	
	Corrective Action Q2	
	Reason for Deviation Q2	
	Actual Output Q2	
eQFR)	Target Q2	
rectronic Quarterly Performance Reporting System	Indicator	
renorman	Sub Programme	
Quarterly	requency Programme	
ectronic	Frequency	

DEPARTMENTAL MONTHLY PERFORMANCE REPORTING TEMPLATE

	M&E	
	Remedial Action	
Nov	Challenges	
	Progress	
	Planned Monthly Targets	
Quarterly	Target	
Key	Activities	
Performance	Indicator	
Sub	Program me	
Programm	o o	

·			

PLANNING TIMEFRAMES
Table: DUE DATES FOR SUBMISSION OF PLANNING DOCUMENTS AND REPORTS

Proces	April	Ma	Jun	July	August	Septembe	October	Novembe	Decembe	Januar	February	March
S		y				-		-	S.	У		
	Strategic						31 st			31 st		Tabling in
	Plan						October(Januar		Provincial
							Draft			y Final		Legislatur
							Strategic			SPs for		Φ
							Plan)			public		
										entities		
ອ	Annual						31 st			31 st		Tabling in
NII	Performanc						October(Dra			Januar		Provincial
'NN	e Plan						ft APPs)			y Final		Legislatur
∀7										APPs		Ф
d										for		
										public		
										entities		
	Annual											Approved
	Operational											by
	Plan											Accountin
											Т	is of the control of
Đ	Annual Budget and MTEF	×		NT issues MTEF Guideline s	Department submits 1st Draft budget and new			NT issues MTEF Guideline s for ENE	NT issues allocatio n letters		Departme nt submit final ENE Chapter	Tabled in Legislatur e
BUDGETIN					expenditure estimates							
	Adjusted budget and											
	MTEF											

Change Requests to shudget and change shudget and structure structure	Standardise Standardise d indicators for sectors D INDICATORS
Department s propose changes to budget and programme structures	
approves changes to budget and programme structure	Submission of Final set of a standardise d indicators for sectors





STRATEGIC PLANNING, MONITORING

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ANNEXURE A: APPOINTMENT OF DELEGATED OFFICIAL FOR PERFORMANCE INFORMATION

Programme/Station Managers are required to delegate 2 officials1 is alternative delegate from their programmes who will be responsible for validations during the financial year. TO:	e responsible for validations	S
FROM:		
SUBJECT: Appointment of Directorate contact official for Performance Information		
This serves to inform the Department through the Strategic Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation that I serves to inform the Directorate/Chief Directorate is as a contact person to ensure that all accurate and credible POE of the Directorate/Chief Directorate is available during verification process in compliance with the requirements of Performance Information Management Policy.	is ectorate/Chief Directorate is	<u>.თ. თ</u>

Programme/Station Manager

Signature:

Date:

Accept / Not Accepted

Accept / Not Accepted

Signature:

Date:

(Delegate

(Alternative delegate)

Signature:

Date:

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ANNEXURE B: QUALITY ASSURANCE OF QUARTERLY PERFORMANCE REPORT: 2023/24 APP REPORTING

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Programme Name:	
õ	
Δ.	

I herewith declare that my programme report is compliant to the following Performance Information requirements as listed below:

PART 1:

The document should be completed by Programme Managers to confirm that performance information reported on a quarterly basis is aligned to the APP.

in th in th Are Are Prov	Procedure Performed Does the programme report in line with the objectives, indicators and targets as set in the APP? Are the reasons for variance identified and link to performance? Are the remedial actions adequate to address the challenges? Has POE for the reported output been submitted to M&E or uploaded on the Provincial Reporting System?	(Programme manager) Yes/No	
Has	Has the POE for reasons of variance been uploaded in the system/submitted to M&E		

DATE	
PREPARER NAME:	PREPARER SIGNATURE:

PART 2

The document should be completed by Monitoring & Evaluation Officials to confirm that performance information reported on a quarterly basis is aligned to the APP.

it) Comments						
Reviewer (M&E Unit) Comments	Yes/No					
NO Procedure Performed		Does the programme report in line with the objectives, indicators and targets as set in the APP?	Are the reasons for variance identified and link to performance?	Are the remedial actions adequate to address the challenges?	Has POE for the reported output been submitted to M&E or uploaded on the Provincial Reporting System?	Has the POE for reasons of variance been uploaded in the system/submitted to M&E
ON O		-	7	က	4	2

REVIEWER NAME	DATE
REVIEWER SIGNATURE	

		b A

Station name: Date of visit: Programme /Station Manager:	ager:		Contact:			
Delegated Official:		Contact:				
Output Indicator	Actual Reported output	Validated Output	Source Documents Available Unavai	uments Unavailable	Reasons for deviation	
Programme manager Performance reported is co with source documents cap	Programme manager Performance reported is complete and accurate and reconciles with the Portfolio with source documents captured in Annexure E of the Annual Performance Plan.	conciles with the Portfolio of E	Evidence kept as	per the signed	Programme manager Performance reported is complete and accurate and reconciles with the Portfolio of Evidence kept as per the signed checklist with relevant POE in line with source documents captured in Annexure E of the Annual Performance Plan.	line
Signature:		DATE		1		
Monitoring and Evaluation Performance reported is complete and accura Signature:	Monitoring and Evaluation Performance reported is complete and accurate and reconciles with the Portfolio of Evidence kept as per the requirement of the Department Signature:	conciles with the Portfolio of Evidence kept as per	Evidence kept as	per the require	ment of the Department	

ANNEXURE D: VALIDATION CHECKLIST (Administered during Validation) Sub-Programme name:

ANNEXURE E: POE HANDOVER

TO Sub-programme name:

Subje	Subject: Handling over of POE		
This is	This is to confirm that (sub-programme) handed over portfolio of evidence for the (month/year) to the Monitoring and Evaluation. This was done	for the (month/year) to the	Monitoring and Evaluation This was done
before	before completion of validation aton the	ì	
Quart	Quarter Submission		
	DATE	BATCH QUANTITY	SIGNATURE
	Hope you find this in order		
	Name		Date
	Designation		

3 4

From: Monitoring and Evaluation

Date:



Director Strategic Planning Monitoring and Evaluation

Recommended/Not Recommended

Ms T Leteane Acting Chief Director-Corporate Services

Approved/Not Approved/Approved with amendments

Dr H Rèkana HEAD OF DEPARTMENT

Approved/Not Approved/Approved with amendments

10/02/2025

Date

