# **ISSUES IN THE ENVIRONMENT**

### **ECONOMY**

momentum

# Eskom turnaround gains

· Cabinet welcomed Eskom's continuing improvement in financial and operational performance for the first six months ending September 2025. The entity recorded a profit of R24.3 billion after tax, which is 37% higher than the same period in 2024. Electricity supply reliability improved from 96% in 2024/25 to 98% year-to-date; recording only four days of load-shedding during the same period. This solid performance reflects the efficacy of the Operation Vulindlela Structural Reform Programme, competence of Eskom's Management and Board and focused leadership of the Minister of Electricity and Energy.

# SA's economy maintains positive

• GDP grew by 0.5% in the third quarter of 2025, marking the fourth consecutive quarter of expansion. The growth was driven by mining, agriculture, finance, government services and manufacturing. Employment increased by 248 000 jobs, while unemployment decreased by 360 000 people

(Quarterly Labour Force Survey). The Youth Employment Service reached a 200 000 jobs milestone and placed over 202 558 young South Africans in 12-month quality work experiences, supported by more than 1 900 corporate partners. The International Monetary Fund has lifted the country's growth forecast to 1.3% in 2025 and 1.4% in 2026 (previously 1.1% and 1.2%).

### INTERNATIONAL **RELATIONS**

#### ■ SA leverages G20 Presidency · Cabinet joined President Cyril Ra-

maphosa in extending its appreciation to all South Africans for their role in ensuring our successful G20 Presidency which culminated in the recently hosted G20 Leaders' Summit. South Africa placed Africa's development agenda at the centre of G20 discussions, mobilising consensus on actions to address challenges facing Africa and the global South.

- Cabinet noted the USA's position to exclude South Africa from the 2026 G20 meetings
- While regrettable, South Africa re-

mains committed to G20 principles and multilateral cooperation.

# ■ IBSA leaders champion the Global

• Cabinet welcomed the successful hosting of the India-Brazil-South Africa (IBSA) Leaders' Meeting on the margins of the G20 Leaders' Summit. South Africa called for revitalising South-South cooperation to drive inclusive growth, advance sustainable development and accelerate reform of global governance institutions. IBSA priorities include scaling up climate finance, enhancing food and health security, supporting foundational learning and mobilising investment for disaster risk reduction.

#### ■ 4th Bi-National Commission (BNC) with Mozambique

• President Ramaphosa led SA's delegation to the 4th SA-Mozambique BNC meeting in Maputo. Ninety-nine decisions with implementation timeframes across economic cooperation, diplomacy, security and social development were reached and progress will be reported at 5th BNC meeting to be held in South Africa. of Sasol Hydrocarbons Processing





Integrated Infrastructure was officially launched in Inhassoro Town, Inhambane Province on 3 December 2025

## **SAFETY AND SECURITY**

**Decline in crime statistics** Cabinet welcomed the reported

decline in crime across most crime categories according to statistics

released by the South African Police Service (SAPS) for the first and second quarters of the 2025 financial year. The crime statistics between April and September 2025 indicate significant reduction in serious and violent crimes. Murder rates decreased by 6.5% in Q1 and 11.5% in Q2. Cabinet commended law enforcement agencies and urged society to join the fight against crime.

# **CABINET DECISIONS**

# 1. Implementation plan to drive

growth and inclusion Cabinet approved the Implementation plan aligned with the priorities of the 7th Administration's 2024 - 2029 Medium-Term Developcoordinated and focused implementation of prioritised economic development interventions designed under multiple initiatives. Core pillars of the plan include economic reforms policy reforms to pursue new areas of growth. Reforms Programme.

## 2. Implementation Plan of the Critical Minerals Strategy (CMS)

egy Implementation Plan, which provides a tunities arising from increased demand for critical minerals in sectors such as digital technology, defence, healthcare, consumer

- Six pillars of the plan:
- Geoscience mapping and exploration;
- Infrastructure and energy security;

nomic growth and job creation.

The CMS will significantly contribute to eco-

# 3. Draft Revised White Paper on Citizenship, Immigration and Refugee Protection

Paper on CIRP for public consultation. This revision builds on the final White Paper approved in 2024, updating policy propositions and adding detailed guidance on proposals contained in the original version. Key enhancements include integration of recomand detail to strengthen implementation of immigration and citizenship policies. The revised White Paper aims to ensure a coherent,

national development and security objectives, including the First Safe Country principle.

gration and refugee protection that supports

### **B. MTDP Bi-Annual Progress Reports**

 Cabinet considered bi-annual progress reports on the implementation of the MTDP for April to September 2025. The reports highlighted livery is lagging or facing obstacles. Cabinet implementation. Further in-depth briefings will be provided by the Minister of Planning, Monitoring and Evaluation and co-chairpersons of

#### C. National Strategy to Accelerate Action for Children (NSAAC) • Cabinet approved the NSAAC which aims to

accelerate action for the welfare and devel-

### Focus areas include: Closing the food gap;

- Stimulating language and learning in every
- young child; Protecting children and teenagers through
- Timeous screening and referral for hearing
- and visual disabilities; and ■ Building identity and agency for children.
- The strategy emphasises collaboration and

#### D. The 5th National Plan of Action for Children (NPAC) 2025 - 2030 • Cabinet approved the 5th NPAC, which

- aligns with international frameworks such as the UN Convention on the Rights of the Child, and national legislation including the Constitu-• Building on progress since 1996, the NPAC
- and promote children's rights.

# **Key focus areas:**

• Empowering every child as a rights-bearing, active citizen; Strengthening systems and partnerships for

inclusion.

enabled to thrive.

E. Programme of Action to address gender-based violence and femicide (GBVF) • Cabinet approved a comprehensive Pro-

holistic child development; and

• Improving health, education, safety and social

• The NPAC reflects a collaborative approach

between government and partners to ensure

all children are recognised, empowered and

gramme of Action to address GBVF, including arrangements to drive a whole-of-society

# **Priority areas:**

- Prevention and rebuilding social cohesion;
- safety and justice; ■ Victim and survivor-centred support;
- Communication and stakeholder engage-
- Institutional arrangements.

• Support services: Victims are encouraged

to use the 24-hour GBVF Command Centre Hotline: 0800 428 428.

# F. Draft National Open Science Policy (OSP)

Science Policy, a framework to guide South Africa's approach to Open Science - making

# **Policy objectives:**

- (findings, publications, data and tools) for

South Africa and globally through open data • By fostering openness and inclusivity, the

• Encourage collaborative research within

NOSP positions South Africa to advance scientific progress and innovation for societal

#### G. Report on the performance of the Research and Development (R&D) Tax Incentive Programme (2022/2023)

• Cabinet approved tabling the Performance Report of the R&D Tax Incentive Programme for 2022/23 in Parliament.

#### **About the incentive:** Offered under Section 11D of the Income

- Tax Act of 1962.
- Provides 150% tax deduction on approved operational expenditure for R&D activities, which is one of the most generous globally.

# 2022/23 performance:

- One hundred and eighty-eight (188) project R&D expenditure of R1.5 billion.
- Most applications from large companies (annual turnover of R100 million+). • Highest number of applications from Gauteng,

### H. Draft regulations on national research facilities and research institutions

and governance of National Research Facililaration of Research Institutions. The purpose to identify eligible research institutions for funding, national priority alignment, data-sharing and oversight; ensure institutions possess National System of Innovation; and strengthen play a strategic role in driving innovation and supporting South Africa's development objec-

# BILLS

# Draft Gas Bill, 2025

• Cabinet approved the submission of the Draft Gas Bill, 2025 to Parliament for

## further processing. Purpose of the Bill:

 Repeals the Gas Act of 2001 and introduces a modernised legislative framework reflecting recent technological developments in gas transportation and storage.

 Addresses challenges in implementing and enforcing the current Act, positioning South Africa to better manage gas resources and infrastructure in line with global best practices and national energy

## priorities Key provisions:

 Empowers the National Energy Regulator of South Africa (NERSA) to:

- Set, monitor and regulate distribution
- Determine suitable licensing periods. Provides for centralised strategic planning of new gas facilities, particularly transmission and re-gasification facilities critical for gas importation and bulk transportation to ensure national energy security.

• Regulate the registration regime; and

- Natural Scientific Professions (NSP) Bill, 2025
- Cabinet approved the publication of the Natural Scientific Professions Bill, 2025 for public comment. The purpose of the Bill is to update and replace the Natural Scientific Professions Act of 2003, which regulates natural science professions in

ernance of the profession and ensure alignment with current scientific practices introduces an updated legal framework for registration and regulation of natural scientists and ethical standards and scope of practice.

## Implementation of two major human settlement development

projects in Gauteng Cabinet noted progress on two major human settlement projects aimed at providing nearly 68 000 households in Lufhereng (City of Johannesburg) - minunits and Mooikloof (City of Tshwane) housing units. The Lufhereng Developwith social and economic amenities. and commercial nodes and recreational facilities. These projects will create significant employment opportunities small-business development, and drive

ogy and Innovation (STI) Indicators Report, 2025

inequality.

 Cabinet noted findings of the 2025 STI Indicators Report, which show that South Africa has established a solid foundation for a national science and innovation system. However, the system remains fragmented across government, academia, industry and civil society. Persistent underfunding limits the ability to translate research outputs into commercial products or social innovations. The report calls for stronger integration among stakeholders and coordinated investment in STI to enable translation of research outputs into tangible economic and social benefits, enhancing South Africa's global

#### Post-School Education and Training state of readiness 2026 • Application cycle opened in September

competitiveness.

2025 (earlier than previous years) and closed on 15 November 2025. Real-time data verification integrated with the Department of Home Affairs, South African Revenue Service (SARS) and the South African Social Services Agency to automate income and citizenship checks. Fraud prevention will be strengthened through biometric and physical identifica-

## National Student Financial Aid Scheme (NSFAS) sustainability

Cabinet noted a report on the status and

edged systemic challenges undermining stability and credibility of the scheme: endorsed urgent stabilisation measures, including strengthening governance, ICT systems and disbursement mechanisms: and welcomed progress in consultations with stakeholders and agreed that a new sustainable student funding model must be finalised by early 2026. The model will focus on long-term affordability; differentiated support for university and TVET students; improved efficiencies in application, allocation and appeals processes. Cabinet re-affirmed the centrality of public financial aid in advancing equitable access to post-school education and

NSFAS support measures

South Africa and to modernise gov-

and international standards. The Bill also

# **UPDATES TO CABINET**

imum housing yield estimated at 32 636 expected to deliver approximately 50 000 ment will be a fully integrated community including schools, crèches, clinics, places of worship, parks, open spaces, business during construction and beyond, stimulate local economic growth - critical interventions in addressing unemployment and

■ South African Science, Technol-

# tion measures.

sustainability of NSFAS and acknowl-

during registration to assist with funding challenges • Establishment of a war room comprising

Full-time capacity at each institution

- the Department of Higher Education and Training, NSFAS, institutions and student bodies to meet weekly and address chal-• Updated communications protocol to en-
- sure students receive information quickly online, by phone and in person. Tourism Growth Partnership Plan (TGPP) 2025 - 2030: Driving inclusive growth and job creation

Cabinet was briefed on the TGPP 2025 –

- 2030, a five-year framework to accelerate inclusive, sustainable tourism-led economic growth. The framework leverages partnerships across public, private and community sectors to boost international arrivals and domestic tourism, diversify tourism products, create jobs (with focus on youth and women), strengthen resilience and ensure community benefits.
- priority programmes, and an implementation roadmap with measurable KPIs,

Outlines five strategic objectives, six

multiple funding sources.

supported by phased investment and

 Cabinet noted that tourism growth has already surpassed 2030 targets, including pre-pandemic (COVID-19) tourism receipts, job creation milestones and focus on improving rural value capture. upgrading infrastructure, and embedding

climate-smart practices.

## ■ 13th World Conference of Science Journalists (WCSJ)

 Cabinet welcomed the successful hosting of the 13th WCSJ held from 1 - 5 December 2025 in Pretoria, jointly convened by the Department of Science, Technology and Innovation (DSTI) and the Council for Scientific and Industrial Research (CSIR) The conference underscored the critical role of science journalism in addressing global inequalities and strengthening public confidence in science.

### **Kev outcomes:** Commitments to advance ethical jour-

Enhance regional capacity-building;

# **UPCOMING EVENTS**

- **Reconciliation Month**
- Futures through New Paths and Innovation"; and the National Day of Reconciliation: "Reaffirming Reconciliation for Future Generations". Cabinet's call to action: 1.1.1. Build on three decades of democracy by mentoring young people;

#### South Africa will commemorate Reconciliation Month throughout December, culminating in the National Day of Reconciliation on 16 December 2025 at the Ncome Museum in Nguthu, KwaZulu-Natal under the Reconciliation Month theme: "From Shared Histories to Shared

- 1.1.2. Support inclusive local enterprises; and
- shared purpose. • Reconciliation Month reminds us that freedom and democracy were hard-won and shaped

collective efforts to heal, unite and innovate together.

Engage in open and honest dialogue that fosters understanding and

by South Africa's history of injustice and inequality. The country's shared future depends on

# **MESSAGES**

#### Caution against adverse weather conditions Cabinet urges all South Africans to exercise extreme caution amid severe weather conditions including heavy rains, thunderstorms and hailstorms across various parts of the country.

Credible weather information: http://www.weathersa.co.za. Prioritising safety is a shared responsibility this festive season

## · Cabinet wishes all South Africans a joyous festive season and calls for prioritising safety on roads, in communities and at public events. Eight hundred (800) national road traffic law-enforcement officers have been deployed, supported by other

agencies; and additional 558 newly trained police officers for public safety. South Africans are reminded to:

adhere to traffic rules, cooperate in roadblocks, avoid reckless behaviour (drinking and driving, speeding, phone use); not leave children supervised, ensure seat belts are fastened and remain vigilant in public spaces;

beware of scammers and fraudsters; and

report suspicious activity immediately. Safety is a shared responsibility – let us work together to prevent accidents and protect lives.



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